



**NOTICE:** Before using this product, read the entire Precautionary Statements, Conditions of Sale and Warranty, Directions for Use, Use Restrictions and Storage and Disposal Instructions. If the Conditions of Sale and Warranty are not acceptable, return the product unopened within thirty days of purchase to the place of purchase.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

May cause irritation of nose, throat, eyes and skin. Do not breathe dust or spray mist. **PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT** consisting of a long sleeved shirt and long pants or a coverall that covers all parts of the body except the head, hands and feet; chemical-resistant gloves; shoes, socks and goggles or a face shield must be worn during mixing and loading. During mixing and loading, a chemical-resistant apron must also be worn.

#### STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

**IF SWALLOWED:** Dilute by giving 2 glasses of water to drink and call a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**IF INHALED:** Move subject to fresh air.

**IF IN EYES:** Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation persists.

**IF ON SKIN:** Wash affected skin areas with soap and water.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes and potholes). Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or disposing of wastes.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

Rohm and Haas warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label only when used in accordance with label directions under normal conditions of use. **ROHM AND HAAS MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES EITHER OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE.** Handling, storage and use of the product by Buyer or User are beyond the control of Rohm and Haas and Seller. Risks such as crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences resulting from, but not limited to, weather or soil conditions, presence of other materials, disease, pests, drift to other crops or property or failure to follow label directions will be assumed by the Buyer or User. **IN NO CASE WILL ROHM AND HAAS OR SELLER BE HELD LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE HANDLING, STORAGE OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT.**

#### ACTIVE INGREDIENT MANCOZEB

A coordination product of zinc ion and manganese ethylene bisdithiocarbamate . . . . . 80%  
In which the ingredients are:  
Manganese++ . . . . . 16%  
Zinc++ . . . . . 2%  
Ethylene bisdithiocarbamate ion ( $C_4H_6N_2S_4$ ) . . . . . 62%

**INERT INGREDIENTS** . . . . . 20%  
**Total** . . . . . 100%

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### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

#### RE-ENTRY AND WORKER PROTECTION STATEMENTS

##### WORKER SAFETY RULES

Keep all unprotected persons, children, livestock and pets away from treated area or where there is danger of drift. Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. See Statements of Practical Treatment.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT** — For Mixers, Loaders, Applicators and Early Re-entry Workers.

**HANDLE THIS PRODUCT ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT:** a long-sleeved shirt and long pants or a coverall that covers all parts of the body except the head, hands, and feet; chemical-resistant gloves; shoes, socks, and goggles or a face shield. During mixing and loading, a chemical-resistant apron must also be worn.

During application from a tractor with a completely enclosed cab with positive pressure filtration, or aerially with an enclosed cockpit, a long-sleeved shirt and long pants may be worn in place of the above protective clothing. Chemical-resistant gloves must be available in the tractor cab or cockpit and worn while exiting.

**IMPORTANT!** Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face, and arms with soap and water before eating, smoking or drinking. Always wash hands and arms with soap and water before using the toilet.

After work take off all clothes and shoes. Shower using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes. Do not use contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Personal clothing worn during use must be laundered separately from household articles. Clothing and protective equipment heavily contaminated or drenched with FORE must be destroyed according to state and local regulations.

**HEAVILY CONTAMINATED OR DRENCHED CLOTHING CANNOT BE ADEQUATELY DECONTAMINATED.**

During aerial application, human flaggers are prohibited unless in totally enclosed vehicles.

##### RE-ENTRY STATEMENTS

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Warnings must include the following information:

##### CAUTION

AREA TREATED WITH FORE FUNGICIDE ON (DATE OF APPLICATION).

**FOR ALL USES** (Except Sodfarms and Commercial Nurseries)

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

**FOR SODFARMS AND COMMERCIAL NURSERIES**

Do not enter or allow entry into treated area until 24 hours after application unless wearing the personal protective equipment listed on this label.



## CHEMIGATION

**Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.**

## GENERAL USE INFORMATION

FORE turf and ornamental fungicide is a unique and different broad-spectrum protectant fungicide which, when used according to label directions, provides high levels of disease control. This fungicide is safe for use on turf grasses and most ornamentals.

Optimum disease control is achieved when the fungicide is applied in a regularly scheduled preventative spray program. The addition of a spreader-sticker will improve fungicide performance by providing a more uniform spray deposit, increased foliar redistribution, and fungicide retention during periods of wet weather.

## USE RATE DETERMINATION

Carefully read, understand, and follow label rates and use restrictions.

Under low disease conditions, minimum label rates per application can be used while maximum label rates and shortened spray schedules are recommended for severe or threatening disease conditions.

For proper application to turf, determine the square footage to be treated, divide footage by 1000 and multiply by the recommended fungicide use rate per 1000 sq. ft., and then determine the amount of water required to provide adequate coverage. When treating ornamentals, determine the recommended fungicide use rate and the spray gallonage required to provide a thorough coverage. Prepare only the amount of spray solution required to treat the desired area.

## MIXING

Slowly place into spray tank as it is being filled or thoroughly premix in a nurse tank for concentrate sprayers. Add other co-applied fungicides, insecticides, growth regulators, micronutrients, and spray adjuvants after FORE fungicide has been placed into suspension.

When preparing spray solutions for use in a hand sprayer, premix as a slurry in a small container, and then add to sprayer containing  $\frac{1}{3}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  the desired final water volume.

## COMPATIBILITY

FORE fungicide is compatible with most commonly used agricultural fungicides, insecticides, and growth regulators. When preparing tank mixes, user should consult spray compatibility charts or State Extension Service Specialists prior to actual use.

The physical spray compatibility of specific tank mixes can be checked by preparing a sample suspension in a glass container and observing the suspension for any adverse effects which might interfere with proper spray application.

## SPRAY ADJUVANTS

The addition of a surfactant to FORE fungicide sprays will improve initial spray deposits, fungicide redistribution, and weatherability.

Place FORE fungicide into suspension prior to adding an adjuvant to the spray mixture. Read and carefully observe the precautionary statements and all other information appearing on both product labels prior to spray preparation.

## APPLICATION

FORE is a protectant fungicide. Optimum disease control is achieved with thorough coverage sprays applied on a regular basis.

### Hand-Sprayer Application

When FORE fungicide is applied by a hand sprayer, 1 pound per 100 gallons per acre is equivalent to 1 level tablespoon per gallon spray solution.

## DISEASE SCOUTING

FORE fungicide is a broad-spectrum protectant fungicide. If not applied on a routine protectant spray schedule, turf and ornamental plants should be frequently observed for disease signs or symptoms. Fungicide application should be made, at the recommended label use rate and spray schedule, when disease is first observed, reported in local area, or during environmental conditions favorable for disease development.

## RESTRICTIONS

Users should carefully read, understand, and follow all use restrictions prior to using FORE fungicide.

**TURF** — Start application when grass greens-up in spring or when disease first appears, and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals or until disease threat is past. When conditions are especially favorable for disease development, apply maximum fungicide use rate on a 7 day spray schedule. Apply in sufficient water to provide adequate coverage.

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Rate of FORE Fungicide Per Application	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
		Oz./1000 Sq. Ft.		
Assorted Grasses	Helminthosporium melting-out	4		Do not graze treated areas. Do not feed clippings to livestock.
	Rust (leaf, stem, stripe)	4		
	Copper spot Fusarium blight Red thread Slime mold	4 to 8		
	Algae	6		
	Dollar spot	6 to 8		
	Rhizoctonia brown patch	4	Apply on a 7 day spray schedule.	
	Pythium blight	8	Apply at 5 day intervals, or more frequently, if conditions are especially favorable for disease development.	
	Fusarium snow mold	6 to 8	Apply at 2 to 6 week intervals during winter.	

**ORNAMENTALS** — Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined the effects of using FORE fungicide on ornamentals not specified on this label.

Prior to any large-scale application on such plants, the user should determine the effects of FORE fungicide by testing a small section of the type of plants to be treated. User assumes all risks arising out of application to unlabeled plants. The Conditions of Sale and Warranty apply to all uses.

Apply 1½ pounds FORE fungicide per 100 gallons dilute spray. The addition of a spray adjuvant to spray solutions will improve performance.

Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out or at first sign of disease, in a full coverage spray at 7 to 10 day intervals throughout season or follow State Extension Service recommendations for disease control on the following ornamental plants:

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
African violet	Botrytis blight		
Anthurium	Anthrachnose, spadix rot		
Arborvitae	Cercospora blight		
Ash, mountain	Entomosporium leaf spot Guignardia leaf blotch		
Ash, white	Anthrachnose Cylindrosporium leaf spot		
Aster, perennial	Puccinia rusts		



## ORNAMENTALS (cont'd)

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
Aucuba, japonica	Alternaria leaf spot Anthracnose		
Azalea	Cylindrocladium rot Petal blight Phytophthora twig and bud blight	Apply in a full coverage spray, 2 to 3 times a week, while flowers are opening. Direct spray into flowers and thoroughly spray ground under bushes.	
Begonia	Botrytis blight		
Buffaloberry	Cylindrosporium leaf spot		Do not use fruit for food or feed purposes.
Camellias	Petal blight	Refer to azalea.	
Carnation	Rust Septoria leaf spot	Refer to azalea.	
Cedar, red (Juniper)	Cercospora blight Phomopsis blight		
Chrysanthemum	Ascochyta blight Botrytis petal spot Rust	Apply twice weekly during blooming period.	
Conifers	Lophodermium needle cast Pine gall rust Scirrhia brown spot	Begin application in spring or early summer before infection occurs. Repeat after heavy rains and at two week intervals as long as needed.	
Cordyline	Cercospora leaf spot		
Crabapple, (Ornamental)	Cedar-apple rust Scab Sphaeropsis leaf spot		
Cypress, Arizona (Cupressus, sp.)	Cercospora blight Monochaetia canker		
Dahlia	Botrytis blight		
Dieffenbachia	Leptosphaeria brown spot		
Dogwood, flowering	Anthracnose Elsinoe leaf spot Septoria leaf spot	Apply when buds begin to open, when bracts have fallen, 4 weeks later and again in late summer after flower buds for next season have formed.	
Dracaena	Fusarium leaf spot		
Elm	Black leaf spot		
Euonymus	Anthracnose		
Fatsia	Anthracnose		
Fern	Rhizoctonia blight		
Ficus	Cercospora leaf spot		
Firethorn (Pyracantha)	Fusicladium scab		
Fir, Douglas	Swiss needle cast		
Fuchsia	Botrytis blight Rust		
Geranium	Rust		
Gladiolus	Botrytis blossom blight Curvularia leaf spot	Make regular weekly applications starting before diseases appear and increase to 2 or 3 applications per week during periods of heavy disease and during rainy weather. On flower spikes, reduce spray concentration to $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. per 100 gals.	
Hawthorn	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab		

## ORNAMENTALS (cont'd)

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
Holly	Purple spot		
Hollyhock	Anthrachnose Cercospora leaf spot Puccinia rusts		
Honeysuckle	Herpobasidium blight		
Horsechestnut, Buckeye	Alternaria leaf spot Guignardia leaf blotch		
Hydrangea	Botrytis blight Cercospora leaf spot		
Iris	Didymellina leaf spot Mystrosporium ink spot		
Juniper	Phomopsis blight		
Laurel, mountain	Cercospora leaf spot Petal blight	Refer to azalea.	
Ligustrum	Cercospora leaf spot		
Lily	Botrytis blight		
Magnolia	Gloeosporium leaf spot		
Maple	Alternaria leaf spot Phyllosticta leaf spot		Do not use on Sugar maples intended for the production of maple syrup.
Marigold	Botrytis blossom blight	Do not use on French dwarf double or signet-type marigold seedlings.	
Narcissus	Botrytis blight (fire) Smoulder		
Oak	Actinopelte leaf spot Taphrina leaf blister		
Orchid (Dendrobium)	Botrytis blossom blight		
Pachysandra	Volutella blight	Use a drenching spray of 2 lbs. per 50 gallons of water per 5,000 sq. ft. of bed. Start application at first sign of disease and apply at least 5 applications at 10 to 14 day intervals.	
Pansy	Anthrachnose		
Peony	Botrytis blossom blight Phytophthora blight	Apply in early spring and early fall, drenching soil around plants as well as the foliage. Promptly destroy all infected plant parts.	
Peperomia	Cercospora leaf spot		
Philodendron	Dactylaria leaf spot Phytophthora leaf spot		
Photinia	Entomosporium leaf spot		
Pleomele	Fusarium leaf spot		
Poinsettia	Sphaceloma scab		
Rhododendron	Cercospora leaf spot Discosia leaf spot Petal blight	Refer to azalea.	
Rose	Black spot Cercospora leaf spot Rust		
Schefflera	Alternaria blight		
Skunkbush, sumac	Cylindrosporium leaf spot		
Snapdragon	Rust		
Statice	Cercospora frog-eye		

## ORNAMENTALS (cont'd)

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
Syngonium	Cephalosporium leaf spot		
Tulip	Botrytis blight (fire)		
Venus, flytrap	Anthrachnose		
Viburnum	Downy mildew Ramularia leaf spot		
Walnut	Anthrachnose		Do not use treated walnuts for food or feed purposes.
Zinnia	Alternaria leaf blight		

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**STORAGE:** Keep away from fire and sparks. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Do not allow to become wet or overheated in storage: decomposition, impaired activity, or fire may result. Keep container closed when not in use.

Pallets of containers should not be stacked more than three high. Provide access aisle for each two rows. Decomposition produces a foul odor; if observed, check for hot containers and immediately remove to open areas for disposal.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on-site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

### CONTAINER DISPOSAL

**Paper Bags** — Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of it in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:** Sweep or shovel into containers for disposal or reworking. Keep dusting to a minimum. Flush contaminated area with a large amount of water to a chemical or sanitary sewer containing a settling pit. Refer to Precautionary Statements.

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