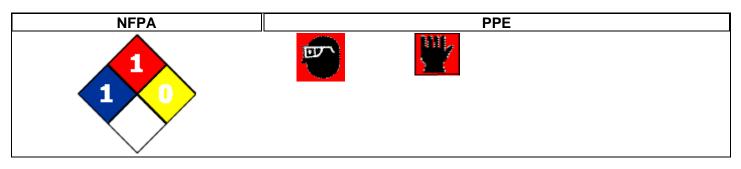


United Phosphorus, Inc.



Issued Date 19-Jun-2007

Revision Date 19-Nov-2009

Revision Number: 3

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

UPI 630 Freedom Business Center Suite 402 King of Prussia,PA 19406

UPI

Customer Service R&D Technical Service

Product Name EPA Reg # Recommended Use Product Code Surflan AS Specialty 70506-44 herbicide 12U-125 **Emergency Telephone Number**

Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 (24hrs) or (703) 527-3887 Medical: Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center (866) 673-6671 (24hrs)

Phone Number 1-800-438-6071 610-878-6100 Available Hrs 8:00 am to 5:00 pm EST 8:00 am - 5:00 pm (EST)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

May cause eye and skin irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause local redness. May cause an allergic reaction in sensitive individuals. May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.

CAUTION

Appearance Opaque, Orange.

Physical State Liquid.

Odor Slight. Aromatic.

Potential Health Effects

- Inhalation

- Skin contact

- Repeated or long term exposure may cause adverse effects on the liver or thyroid.

- Propylene glycol symptoms may include central nervous system depression, headache, dizziness, drowsiness and loss of coordination.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients Name

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	OSHA PEL
Oryzalin	19044-88-3	40.9	N/A
Glycerin	56-81-5	<30	5 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction. 10 mg/m ³ Total dust.
Propylene Glycol	57-55-6	<40	N/A

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Skin Contact	Take off contaminated clothing. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes If skin irritation persists, call a physician
Inhalation	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artifical respiration. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Ingestion	Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor
Notes to Physician	No information available

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Explosive Properties

Flash Point Autoignition Temperature		> 93°C> 200°F Not applicable	
Flammability Limits in Air		Not available	
Extnguishing Media		Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to circumstances and the surrounding environment	local
Fire/Explosion Hazard	This material will become a fire hazard only when a sufficient amount of water has evaporated. At that point, the material will exhibit the flammability characteristics of propylene glycol and oryzalin. The explosive potential of oryzalin as an airborn dust is rated severe. The minimum ignition temperature for a dust cloud is 714 F (379 C).		
Hazardous Combustion Products	Stion Products Oxides of nitrogen, Can emit toxic fumes under fire conditions.		
NFPA Heal	th 1	Flammability 1	Instability 0
	6. ACCIDENTAL R	ELEASE MEASURES	
Personal Precautions	Avoid contact with the ski	n and the eyes. Use personal protective equipment.	
Environmental Precautions	Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinenet environmental permits		
Methods for Clean-up	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.		
	7. HANDLING	AND STORAGE	
Handling		ren. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this produ s. Wear personal protective equipment.	ict. Avoid

Storage Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	
Glycerin	10 mg/m ³ Mist.	5 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction.	
	-	10 mg/m ³ Total dust.	

Engineering Controls	Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation is preferred. Consult ACGIH ventilation manual or NFPA Standard 91 for design of exhaust systems.
Personal Protective Equipment	
Eye/face Protection	Where there is potential for eye contact have eye flushing equipment available Use eye protection to avoid eye contact.
Skin Protection	Wear protective gloves/clothing.
Respiratory Protection	Where airborne exposure is likely, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components. Full facepiece equipment is recommended and, if used, replaces need for face shield and/or chemical goggles. If exposures cannot be kept at a minimum with engineering controls, consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR 1910.134.

General Hygiene Considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Physical State Boiling Point/Range Specific Gravity Evaporation Rate Vapor Density Viscosity Bulk Density Percent Volatiles Opaque Orange Liquid Not available 1.138 to 1.239 @ 25 C Not available Not available Not available No data available Not available Odor pH Melting Point/Range Solubility Vapor Pressure VOC Content Molecular Weight Percent Solids Slight Aromatic approx.5.9 Not available Miscible Not available Not available No data available Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

StabilityStable under recommended storage conditions If water mixture
evaporates the resultant mixture should be handled with care as the
explosive potential of oryzalin as an airborne dust is rated severe.Conditions to AvoidAvoid dust formation.Incompatible MaterialsNo materials to be especially mentioned.Hazardous Decomposition ProductsToxic gases and fumes may be formed if product is involved in fire.
. Oxides of nitrogen.Possibility of Hazardous PolymerizationHazardous polymerisation does not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Component Information	Oryzalin - In animals has been shown to cause liver, kidney, bladder, spleen, and/or blood effects. Repeated excessive exposure to crystalline silica may affect lung function and cause silicosis, a progressive and disabling disease of the lungs. Some evidence suggests that kidney effects may also result from excessive exposure.
	Propylene glycol: Single exposure studies indicate that this material is practically non-toxic if swallowed (rat LD50 21,000 mg/kg) or absorbed through skin (rabbit LD50 20,800 mg.kg) and slightly irritating to rabbit eyes and skin.
	This material is widely used in antifreeze, hydraulic fluids, pharmaceutical solvents, food and cosmetics. Workplace experience has shown this material to have low acute and systemic toxicity. Human patch tests indicate that repeated contact causes mild irritation. Although there have been some reports of skin sensitization, studies with large groups of humans and use in topical medical applications suggest that these are likely irritant rather than sensitization responses.
	Repeated administration in the diet or through drinking water to rats and dogs showed essentially no adverse effects other than slight liver toxicity. SImilar studies in cats showed increase in Heinz body formation in the red blood cells without anemia. Long-term oral studies in rats, dogs, and cats have shown no evidence of carcinogenic or target organ effects other than increased red blood cell turnover. Long-term inhalationexposure in monkeys showed no adverse effects. Developmental toxicity studies in mice, rats, rabbits and hamsters showed no increased birth defects or other adverse effects on the fetus. Mice and cats had no adverse effects on reproductive ability or development and survival of offspring. No genetic changes were observed in tests using bacteria, animal cells, or animals.
	Glycerin: No skin allergy was observed in guinea pigs or humans following repeated exposure. Oral administration in clinical use has caused nausea and vomiting. Repeated or long-term oral exposure produced no adverse effects in rats. No adverse effects on fertility or birth defects were observed in rats or their offspring following oral exposure before and during pregnancy. Generally, no genetic changes were observed in tests using bacteria or animal cells.
	Single exposure studies indicate that this material is practically non-toxic if swallowed (rat LD50 12,600- 27,200 mg/kg) or absrobed through skin (rabbit LD50 >10,000 mg/kg), no more than slightly toxic if inhaled (rat 1 hr LC50 >0.57 mg/l), and slightly irritating to rabbit eyes and skin.
Chronic Toxicity	
Carcinogenicity	Thyroid follicular cell tumors observed in rats were considered a secondary response caused by mechanisms not relevant to humans. Benign skin and adnexal tumors observed in rats may also have been secondary to thyroid effects. In vitro and animal mutagenicty studies on oryzalin and propylene glycol werew negative

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Oryzalin -

Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF <100 or low Pow <3) Degradation is expected in the soil environment within days to weeks. Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in most sensitive species). Material is slightly toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 is between 501 and 2000 mg/kg. Acute oral LD50 in bobwhite (Colinus virginianus) is 1046 mg/kg. Acute oral LD50 in honeybee (Apis mellifera) is >100 ug.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method Contaminated Packaging	Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If the wastes cannot be disposed of by use or according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. Do not apply directly twetlands or water	
	14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION	
DOT	When shipped domestically by highway in non-bulk containers this product can be shipped as not regulated. When shipped in bulk use IMDG shipping description	
ICAO	Not regulated	
IATA UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group ERG Code	3082 Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Oryzalin) 9 PG III 9L	
IMDG/IMO Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class UN-No Packing Group Marine Pollutant	Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Oryzalin) 9 UN3082 PG III Yes	

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Oryzalin EINECS/ELINCS KECL	Listed Listed
Glycerin	
DSL	Listed
EINECS/ELINCS	Listed
ENCS	Listed
CHINA	Listed
KECL	Listed
Propylene Glycol	
DSL	Listed
EINECS/ELINCS	Listed
ENCS	Listed
CHINA	Listed
KECL	Listed
116 4	

USA

Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Y

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %
Oryzalin	19044-88-3	40.9

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Chronic Health Hazard	No
Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

Clean Water Act

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	HAPS data	VOC Chemicals	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Glycerin	56-81-5	<30		Listed.		
Propylene Glycol	57-55-6	<40		Listed.		

CERCLA

RCRA

Pesticide Information

State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Category	California Prop. 65
Oryzalin	19044-88-3		Listed.
			Listed: September 12, 2008
			Carcinogenic.

State Right-to-Know

Chemical Name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Glycerin	Listed.		Listed.	Listed.	Listed.
Propylene Glycol			Listed.		Listed.

International Regulations

Mexico - Grade

Not available

Chemical Name	Category	Carcinogen Status	Exposure Limits
Glycerin			10 mg/m ³ Mist.

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class

Not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date

19-Nov-2009

Revision Summary

Update section 14 Update section 15

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End of MSDS